LSBiotm Human IL13RA2 ELISA Kit

Catalog No. LS-F994

User Manual

Please Read the Manual Carefully Before Starting your Experiment



For research use only. Not approved for use in humans or for clinical diagnosis.

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INTRODUCTION

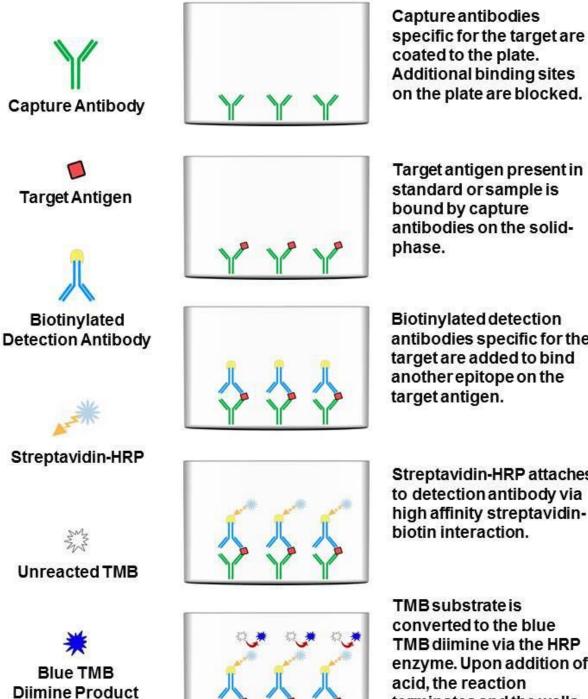
The protein encoded by IL13RA2 is closely related to IL13RA1, a subunit of the interleukin 13 receptor complex. This protein binds IL13 with high affinity, but lacks cytoplasmic domain, and does not appear to function as a signal mediator. It is reported to play a role in the internalization of IL13. IL13RA2 binds as a monomer with high affinity to interleukin-13 (IL13), but not to interleukin-4 (IL4). Studies have shown that the WSXWS motif appears to be necessary for proper protein folding and thereby efficient intracellular transport and cell-surface receptor binding while the box 1 motif is required for JAK interaction and/or activation.

Source: Entrez Gene; Swiss-Prot

ASSAY PRINCIPLES

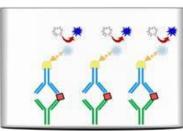
The LSBio[™] Human IL-13 Rα2 ELISA Kit contains the components necessary for quantitative determination of natural or recombinant Human IL-13 Rα2 concentrations within any experimental sample including cell lysates, serum and plasma. This particular immunoassay utilizes the quantitative technique of a "Sandwich" Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) where the target protein (antigen) is bound in a "sandwich" format by the primary capture antibodies coated to each well-bottom and the secondary detection antibodies added subsequently by the investigator. The capture antibodies coated to the bottom of each well are specific for a particular epitope on Human IL-13 Ra2 while the user-added detection antibodies bind to epitopes on the captured target protein. Amid each step of the procedure, a series of wash steps must be performed to ensure the elimination of non-specific binding between proteins to other proteins or to the solid phase. After incubation and "sandwiching" of the target antigen, a peroxidase enzyme is conjugated to the constant heavy chain of the secondary antibody (either covalently or via Avidin/Streptavidin-Biotin interactions), allowing for a colorimetric reaction to ensue upon substrate addition. When the substrate TMB (3, 3', 5, 5'-Tetramethylbenzidine) is added, the reaction catalyzed by peroxidase yields a blue color that is representative of the antigen concentration. Upon sufficient color development, the reaction can be terminated through addition of Stop Solution (2 N Sulfuric Acid) where the color of the solution will turn yellow. The absorbance of each well can then be read by a spectrophotometer, allowing for generation of a standard curve and subsequent determination of protein concentration.

ASSAY FORMAT



antibodies specific for the target are added to bind

Streptavidin-HRP attaches to detection antibody via high affinity streptavidin-



TMB diimine via the HRP enzyme. Upon addition of terminates and the wells can be read at 450 nm.

ASSAY RESTRICTIONS

- This ELISA kit is intended for research purposes only, NOT diagnostic or clinical procedures of any kind.
- Materials included in this kit should NOT be used past the expiration date on the kit label.
- Reagents or substrates included in this kit should NOT be mixed or
- substituted with reagents or substrates from any other kits. Variations in pipetting technique, washing technique, operator laboratory technique, kit age, incubation time or temperature may cause differences in binding affinity of the materials provided.
- The assay is designed to eliminate interference and background by other cellular macromolecules or factors present within any biological samples. However, the possibility of background noise cannot be fully excluded until all factors have been tested using the assay kit.

Component	Quantity Per Plate	Container	
Microstrips Coated w/ Capture Antibody	12 x 8-Well Microstrips	-	
Protein Standard	Lyophilized	Red	
Biotinylated Detection Antibody	Lyophilized	Yellow	
400x Streptavidin-HRP	30 µl	Blue	
Wash Buffer (15x)	50 ml	Clear	
Assay Diluent	50 ml	Clear	
Ready-to-Use Substrate	12 ml	Brown	
Stop Solution	12 ml	Clear	
Adhesive Plate Sealers	4 Sheets	-	
Technical Manual	1 Manual	-	

MATERIALS INCLUDED

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

The following materials and/or equipment are NOT provided in this kit but are necessary to successfully conduct the experiment:

- Microplate reader able to measure absorbance at 450 nm (with correction wavelength set to 540 nm or 570 nm)
- Micropipettes with capability of measuring volumes ranging from 1 μ I
- to 1 ml
- Deionized or sterile water
- Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, multichannel pipette reservoir or automated microplate washer
- Graph paper or computer software capable of generating or displaying logarithmic functions
- Absorbent paper or vacuum aspirator
- Test tubes or microfuge tubes capable of storing ≥1 ml
- Bench-top centrifuge (optional)
- Bench-top vortex (optional)
- Orbital shaker (optional)

HEALTH AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Reagents provided in this kit may be harmful if ingested, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Please carefully review the MSDS for each reagent before conducting the experiment.
- Stop Solution contains 2 N Sulfuric Acid (H₂SO₄) and is an extremely corrosive agent. Please wear proper eye, hand and face protection when handling this material. When the experiment is finished, be sure to rinse the plate with copious amounts of running water to dilute the Stop Solution prior to disposing the plate.

STORAGE INFORMATION

Note: If used frequently, reagents may be stored at 4°C.

Unopened Kits: Store at 4°C for 6 months.

Component	Storage Time	Storage Information	
Microstrips Coated w/ Capture Antibody			
400x Streptavidin-HRP			
Wash Buffer (15x)	6 Months	4°C	
Assay Diluent			
Ready-to-Use Substrate			
Stop Solution			
Protein Standard	Lyophilized: 6 Months	4°C	
Biotinylated Detection Antibody	Reconstituted: 1 Month		
Adhesive Plate Sealers	-	-	
Technical Manual	-	-	

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND STORAGE

If samples are to be used within 24 hours, aliquot and store at 4°C. If samples are to be used over a long period of time, aliquot and store between -20°C and -80°C, depending on the duration of storage.

Note: Samples containing a visible precipitate or pellet must be clarified prior to use in the assay.

Caution: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles to prevent loss of biological activity of proteins in experimental samples.

Cell Lysate and Supernatants

Remove large cell components via centrifugation and perform the assay. Cell lysates and supernatants require a dilution using Assay Diluent. A serial dilution may be performed to determine a suitable dilution factor for the sample.

Serum Preparation

Allow samples to clot in a serum separator tube (SST) for 30 minutes. After sufficient clotting, centrifuge at 1000 x g for 15 minutes and remove serum from SST in preparation for the assay. A serial dilution may be performed to determine a suitable dilution factor for the sample.

Plasma Preparation

Use heparin, citrate or EDTA as an anticoagulant to gather plasma from original biological sample. After collection of the plasma, centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. This step must be performed within 30 minutes of plasma collection.

Serum and Plasma Sample Dilution Recommendation

Dilute the plasma or serum samples with 10-50% animal serum in PBS. Do not reconstitute or dilute the detection antibody or Streptavidin-HRP in the buffer with animal serum. However, it is important to use the same diluent for the samples and the standard so it reflects the same environment of the samples being measured.

SAMPLE EXPERIMENT LAYOUT

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	Standard (High Point)	Standard (High Point)	Standard (High Point)	Sample	Sample	Sample
в	Standard (1:2)	Standard (1:2)	Standard (1:2)	Sample	Sample	Sample
С	Standard (1:4)	Standard (1:4)	Standard (1:4)	Sample	Sample	Sample
D	Standard (1:8)	Standard (1:8)	Standard (1:8)	Sample	Sample	Sample
Ε	Standard (1:16)	Standard (1:16)	Standard (1:16)	Sample	Sample	Sample
F	Standard (1:32)	Standard (1:32)	Standard (1:32)	Sample	Sample	Sample
G	Standard (1:64)	Standard (1:64)	Standard (1:64)	Sample	Sample	Sample
Н	Negative Control	Negative Control	Negative Control	Sample	Sample	Sample

IMMUNOASSAY PROTOCOL

Note: If possible, all incubation steps should be performed on an orbital shaker to equilibrate solutions when added to the microplate wells. Also, all provided solutions should be at ambient temperature prior to use.

Note: Avoid adding solutions into wells at an angle, always keep pipette tip perpendicular to plate bottom.

Reconstitution of Provided Materials

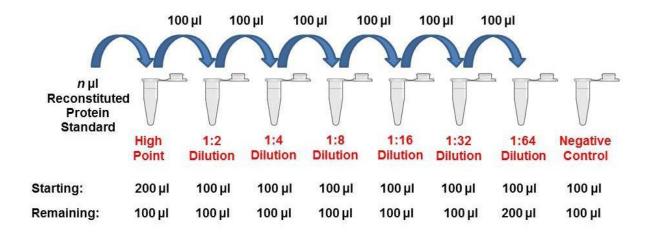
- **1.** Reconstitute the Protein Standard in 83µl of ddH₂O for a concentration of 450ng/ml.
- Reconstitute the Biotin-Conjugated Detection Antibody in 55µl of ddH₂O for a concentration of 54ug/ml.
- **3.** Dilute the 15x Wash Buffer to 1x Wash Buffer using 14 volumes of ddH₂O and 1 volume of 15x Wash Buffer. Use as necessary.

Addition of Known Standard and Unknown Sample to Immunoassay

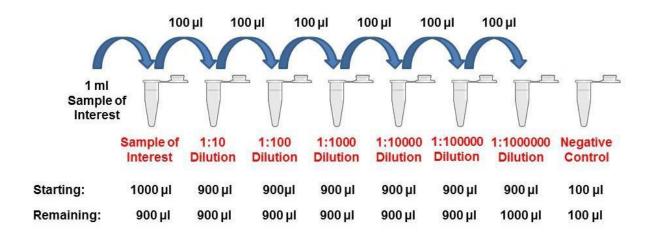
The LSBio[™] Human IL-13 Rα2 ELISA Kit allows for the detection and quantification of endogenous levels of natural and/or recombinant Human IL-13 Rα2 proteins within the range of 313-20000 pg/ml.

1. Dilute the known standard sample from 20000 pg/ml to 0 pg/ml in a series of microfuge tubes. Mix each tube thoroughly by inverting several times or by vortexing lightly to ensure proper equilibration. Add 100 μl of each serial dilution step into the wells of a specified row or column of the 96-well microtiter plate in duplicate or triplicate and incubate at room temperature for 2 hours. Unknown samples of interest can be serial diluted with Assay Diluent to concentrations within the detection range of this assay kit and added to the plate at 100 μl per well. Seal the microplate air-tight using one of the microplate adhesive seals provided in this kit or Parafilm if readily available. See Appendix for serial dilution diagram.

To obtain serial dilution high point, dilute reconstituted Protein Standard to the maximum concentration for serial dilution by adding $n \mu l$ reconstituted Protein Standard to serial dilution high point tube and then raising the volume to 200 μ l. Shown below is a diagram illustrating a hypothetical 2-fold serial dilution on a given reconstituted Protein Standard.



For samples of unknown protein concentrations, serial dilute the experimental sample using Assay Diluent to determine range of detection and acceptable dilutions. Shown below is a diagram illustrating a 10-fold serial dilution on a given Sample of Interest.



Addition of Detection Antibody to Capture Antibody-Bound Samples

- 1. Aspirate the protein standard solution out of the microplate wells. If your lab does not have a vacuum-based aspirator, you may dump the solutions from the microplate into a waste container and blot 3-4times on a stack of paper towels until most or all of the liquid isremoved from the wells. Dilute the 15x Wash Buffer to 1x using pureH₂O. Add 300-400 µl of 1x Wash Buffer to each well being used andgently shake for 5-7 minutes on an orbital shaker. Perform this washstep 4 times consecutively.
- 2. After the 4th wash step, dilute the detection antibody solution 1:180 in Assay Diluent to a concentration of 0.3 μ g/ml. Mix the test tube either by inverting several times or vortexing to ensure proper equilibration. Ensure that there is enough detection antibody solution for all wells being used. Add 100 μ l of the diluted detection antibody solution into each well, seal the plate and incubate at room temperature for 2 hours.

Conjugation of Streptavidin-HRP to Biotinylated Detection Antibody

- 1. Remove the detection antibody solution out of the microplate wells by either vacuum-based aspirator or paper towel blotting. Perform 4 consecutive wash steps with gentle shaking between each wash.
- 2. Dilute the 400x Streptavidin-HRP by 1:400 using Assay Diluent to a 1x Streptavidin-HRP solution.
- 3. After the 4th wash step, add 100 µl of 1x Streptavidin-HRP solution into each well and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.

Application of Liquid Substrate for Colorimetric Reaction

1. Remove the 1x Streptavidin-HRP solution out of the microplate wells by either vacuum-based aspirator or paper towel blotting. Prepare the Ready-to-Use Substrate by bringing it to room temperature without exposure to fluorescent or UV light as these may degrade the substrate. Perform 4 consecutive wash steps with gentle shaking between each wash.

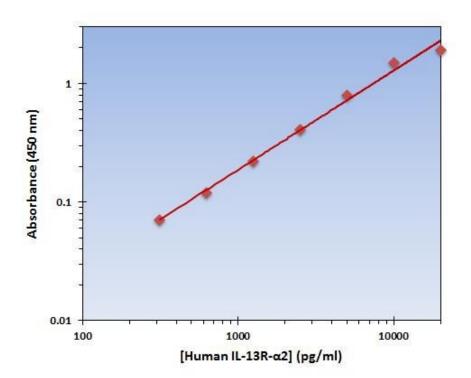
- 2. After the 4th wash step, add 100 µl of Ready-to-Use Substrate solution into each well and incubate at room temperature for color development. The microplate should be kept out of direct light by either covering with an opaque object or putting it into a dark room. Closely monitor the color development as some wells may turn blue very quickly depending on analyte and/or detection antibody-HRP concentrations. Once the blue color has ceased to develop further, immediately add 100 µl of Stop Solution to each well being used. The color in the wells should immediately change from blue to yellow.
- 3. The microplate is now ready to be read by a microplate reader. Within 30 minutes of adding the Stop Solution, determine the optical density (absorbance) of each well by reading the plate with the microplate reader set to 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. **Caution:** Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

Generation of Standard Curve and Interpretation of Data

- 1. Average the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard, control and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density.
- 2. Generate a standard curve by using Microsoft Excel or other computer software capable of establishing a 4-Parameter Logistic (4-PL) curve fit. If using Excel or an alternative graphing tool, plot the average optical density values in absorbance units (y-axis) against the known standard concentrations in pg/ml (x-axis). **Note:** Only use the values in which a noticeable gradient can be established. Afterwards, generate a best fit curve or "trend-line" through the plotted points via regression analysis. **Note:** Shown on the next page is an example of typical data produced by analysis of the standard sample.

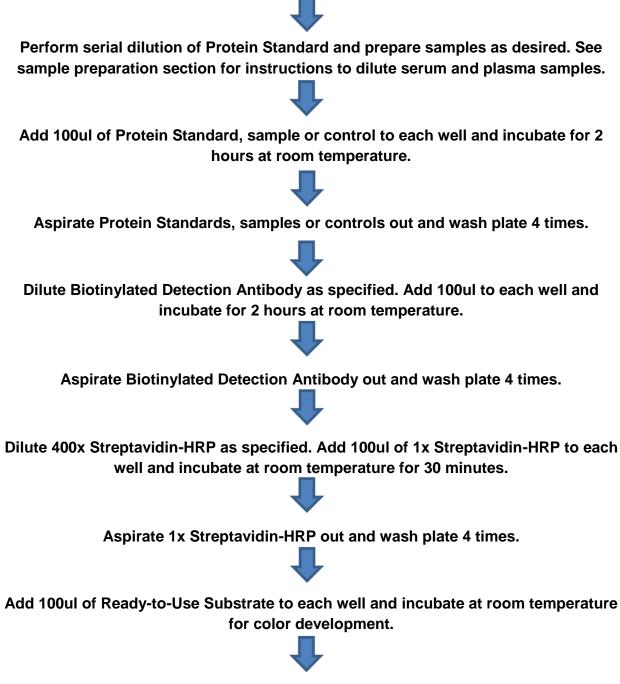
The data and subsequent graph was obtained after performing a cytokine ELISA for Human IL-13 R α 2. Each known sample concentration was assayed in triplicate.

Human IL-13 Rα2 Standard Curve			
Concentration (pg/ml)	Average OD 450nm		
20000	1.9		
10000	1.5		
5000	0.8		
2500	0.41		
1250	0.22		
625	0.12		
312.5	0.07		



SUMMARIZED PROTOCOL

Reconstitute Biotinylated Detection Antibody and Protein Standard and dilute the 15x Wash Buffer as specified.



Add 100ul of Stop Solution and read plate at 450nm.

SENSITIVITY

The Human IL-13 R α 2 ELISA Kit allows for the detection and quantification of endogenous levels of natural and/or recombinant Human IL-13 R α 2 proteins within the range of 313-20000 pg/ml.

CROSS REACTIVITY AND SPECIFICITY

The Human IL-13 R α 2 ELISA is capable of recognizing both recombinant and naturally produced Human IL-13 R α 2 proteins. The antigens listed below were tested at 50 ng/ml and did not exhibit significant cross reactivity or interference.

• Human: IL-4R, IL-5Rα, IL-9R, IL-13, IL-13Rα1• Murine: IL-13, IL-13 Rα1, IL-13 Rα2 **Important Note:** During shipment small volumes of product will occasionally become entrapped in the seal of the product vial. We recommend briefly centrifuging the vial to dislodge any liquid in the container's cap prior to opening.

Warning: This reagent may contain sodium azide and sulfuric acid. The chemical, physical, and toxicological properties of these materials have not been thoroughly investigated. Standard Laboratory Practices should be followed. Avoid skin and eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion. Sodium azide forms hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions and may react with lead or copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. On disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent accumulation.

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