# Myeloperoxidase (MPO) Assay Kit (Fluorometric)



LS-K251-100 (100 Tests) • Store at -20°C

## Introduction

MYELOPEROXIDASE (MPO; EC 1.11.2.2) is a peroxidase enzyme and can be found in neutrophil, monocytes, and some soft tissue macrophages. MPO has an ability to use chloride as a co-substrate with hydrogen peroxide to generate hypochlorous acid, a powerful antimicrobial agent produced by neutrophils. However, an excessive production of hypochlorous acid can lead to oxidative stress and tissues damage. Inflammation may also result when MPO oxidizes various substances such as phenols and anilines. Studies show that increased MPO levels may increase the risk of myocardial infarction and cardiovascular disease. This myeloperoxidase (MPO) assay kit is based on the MPO enzyme reaction with hydrogen peroxide (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) which oxidizes the dye reagent to a highly fluorescent product. The fluorescence intensity of this product, measured at  $\lambda_{ex/em} = 530/585$  nm, is proportional to the total peroxidation activity in the sample. The provided MPO inhibitor is used to suppress peroxidase activity due to MPO in order to differentiate other peroxidase activities that may be present in the samples.

## **Key Features**

- Fast and sensitive. Linear detection range (20 μL sample): 0.0025 to 2 U/L for 10 min reaction at 25°C.
- Convenient and high-throughput. Homogeneous "mix-incubate-measure" type assay. Can be readily automated on HTS liquid handling systems for processing thousands of samples per day.

## Applications

• MPO peroxidation activity determination in biological samples (e.g. cell lysates, tissues, etc.)

#### Components

	K251-100
Component	100 Tests
Assay Buffer	10 mL
Resorufin	1.5 mL
Dye Reagent	120 μL
MPO Inhibitor (20x)	120 μL
3% Stabilized H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	100 μL

### **Materials Not Supplied**

Pipetting devices, centrifuge tubes, black 96-well plates (e.g. Greiner Bio-One, cat# 655900) and plate reader capable of measuring fluorescence at  $\lambda_{ex/em}$ = 530/585 nm.

### Storage

The kit is shipped on ice. Store all components at -20°C upon receiving. Shelf life: 6 months after receipt.

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## Assay Procedure

This assay is based on a kinetic reaction. To ensure identical incubation time, addition of Working Reagent to samples should be quick and mixing should be brief but thorough. Use of a multi-channel pipettor is recommended. Assays can be executed at any desired temperature (e.g. 25°C or 37°C).

#### **Sample Preparation**

Tissue: prior to dissection, rinse tissue in phosphate buffered saline (pH 7.4) to remove blood. Homogenize tissue (50 mg) with a Dounce homogenizer in ~200  $\mu$ L cold 20 mM PBS, pH 7.4. Freeze the homogenized tissue at -80°C to lyse the cells. After freezing, thaw and centrifuge samples at 14,000 x g for 20 min at 4°C. Remove supernatant for assay.

Cell Lysate: collect cells by centrifugation at 2,000 x g for 5 min at 4°C. For adherent cells, do not harvest cells using proteolytic enzymes; rather use a rubber policeman. Homogenize or sonicate cells in an appropriate volume of cold buffer containing 50 mM potassium phosphate (pH 7.5). Centrifuge at 14,000 x g for 10 min at 4°C. Remove supernatant for assay.

All samples can be stored at -20 to -80°C for at least one month.

#### **Reagent Preparation**

Bring all reagents to room temperature prior to assay. Briefly centrifuge tubes before use.

Each sample requires 20 μl of 1x MPO Inhibitor. Prior to initiating the procedure, prepare a sufficient volume of 1x MPO Inhibitor to run all samples by diluting the supplied 20x MPO Inhibitor 20-fold with ddH<sub>2</sub>0.

#### Procedure

1. Prepare 250  $\mu$ L 30  $\mu$ M Resorufin Premix by mixing 15  $\mu$ L provided Resorufin and 235  $\mu$ L water.

Transfer 100  $\mu L$  assay buffer and 100  $\mu L$  30  $\mu M$  Resorufin into two separate wells of a black flat-bottom 96-well plate.

- For each sample prepare 2 parallel wells. Add 20 μL of samples to each wells. Add 20 μL of MPO inhibitor for one set of the samples and add 20 μL assay buffer to the other set of samples. Incubate samples at room temperature for 10 min.
- 3. Prepare 0.07%  $H_2O_2$  by mixing 4.7  $\mu$ L 3%  $H_2O_2$  with 195.3  $\mu$ L d $H_2O$ . Then to 0.007%  $H_2O_2$  by mixing 60  $\mu$ L 0.07%  $H_2O_2$  with 540  $\mu$ L d $H_2O$ . Use the 0.007%  $H_2O_2$  within one hour.

Prepare enough Working Reagent (WR) for all reaction wells by mixing, for each 96-well assay, 60  $\mu$ L Assay Buffer, 1  $\mu$ L 0.007% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and 1  $\mu$ L Dye Reagent. Add 60  $\mu$ L WR to all sample and inhibitor wells. Tap plate briefly to mix.

4. Read fluorescence  $\lambda_{ex/em} = 530/585$  nm at 0 min and 10 min at room temperature.

#### Calculations

The MPO activity in a sample is computed as follows:

$$\begin{split} \text{MPO Activity} &= \frac{\Delta \text{R}_{\text{SAMPLE}} - \Delta \text{R}_{\text{INB}}}{\text{R}_{\text{RESORUFIN}} - \text{R}_{\text{H2O}}} \times \frac{[\text{Resorufin}] (\mu \text{M})}{t (\min)} \times \frac{\text{Reaction Vol} (\mu \text{L})}{\text{Sample Vol} (\mu \text{L})} \times n \\ &= \frac{\Delta \text{R}_{\text{SAMPLE}} - \Delta \text{R}_{\text{INB}}}{\text{R}_{\text{RESORUFIN}} - \text{R}_{\text{H2O}}} \times 15 \times n \quad (U/L) \end{split}$$

where  $R_{SAMPLE}$ ,  $R_{INB}$ ,  $R_{RESORUFIN}$  and  $R_{H2O}$  are fluorescence readings of the Sample, Sample Inhibitor, Resorufin and Water wells, respectively.  $\Delta R_{SAMPLE} = R_{Sample,10min} - R_{Sample,0min}$  and  $\Delta R_{INB} = R_{INB,10min} - R_{INB,0min}$ . *n* is the sample dilution factor. [Resorufin] = 30 µM, Reaction Vol = 100 µL, Sample Vol = 20 µL, Reaction time (t) = 10 min.



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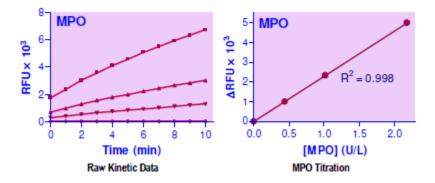


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Notes: if  $\Delta R_{SAMPLE}$  values are higher than that of the  $R_{RESORUFIN}$ , dilute sample in Assay Buffer and repeat the assay. Multiply the results by the dilution factor, *n*.

Unit definition: one unit of enzyme will catalyze the formation of 1 µmole resorufin per min under the assay conditions.

## Sample Data



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